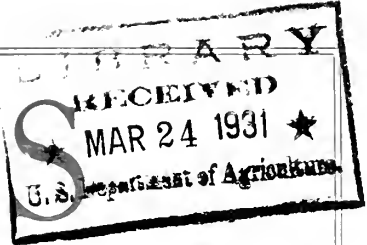


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# VARICK'S



## RELIABLE SEEDS

### BUSH BEANS



Stringless Green Podded (Burpee's) Beans

**CULTURE.** About the first of May select a sunny, deep, well-drained spot; dig and manure slightly; make drills two inches deep and eighteen inches to two feet apart; drop the beans three inches apart in the drills, and cover no more than two inches deep. Hoe well and dry weather to keep down the weeds. Sow every two weeks for a succession.

### BUSH BEANS

Two pounds will plant about 100 feet of drill

#### Green Podded Dwarf Varieties

	Lb.	2 Lbs.	5 Lbs.
Dwarf Horticultural	30c	55c	\$1.25
Stringless Green Podded	30c	55c	\$1.25
Low's Champion	30c	55c	\$1.25
Arlington (Improved Goddard)	30c	55c	\$1.25
Long Yellow Six Weeks	30c	55c	\$1.25
Red Kidney	30c	55c	\$1.25
Burpee's Bush Lima	35c	65c	\$1.50
Improved Yellow Eye	30c	55c	\$1.25
Bountiful	30c	55c	\$1.25

#### Dwarf Wax or Butter Varieties

	Lb.	2 Lbs.	5 Lbs.
Black Wax, Carrie's Rust Proof	30c	55c	\$1.25
Black Wax, Pencil Pod	30c	55c	\$1.25
Hodson's Wax	30c	55c	\$1.25
Improved Golden Wax	30c	55c	\$1.25
Wardwell's Kidney Wax	30c	55c	\$1.25
Golden Eye Wax	30c	55c	\$1.25
Round Pod Kidney Wax	30c	55c	\$1.25

### POLE BEANS

Two pounds to 100 hills

	Lb.	2 Lbs.	5 Lbs.
Horticultural	30c	55c	\$1.25
Kentucky Wonder or Snake	30c	55c	\$1.25
Large White Lima	30c	55c	\$1.25
Scarlet Runner	35c	60c	\$1.45
Worcester Pole	30c	55c	\$1.25
Kentucky Wonder Wax	35c	65c	\$1.45

**CULTURE.** These may be sown in rows or hills. They should be planted in the middle of May. The seeds of pole beans are apt to rot if planted too early. Sow seeds four inches apart in rows, and plant them six to eight inches apart in hills. Cover the seeds with soil to a depth of one inch. Then run a three-pronged fork over the top of the pole beans to give perfect growth to the plants. The seeds of the pole beans have a hard coat, and it is best to soak them in water for 24 hours before planting. Lima beans for early sowing should be sown in rows and planted.

# JOHN B. VARICK COMPANY

MANCHESTER, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Field, Garden and Flower Seeds  
Agricultural Tools and Implements

Fruit Trees, Rose Bushes and Shrubbery  
Farm Machinery, Dairy and Poultry Supplies

31-G

Prices subject to change without notice

Vigilant Seed Plant

## TABLE BEETS

An ounce will sow about 50 feet of drill  
Five or six pounds required for an acre



Crosby's Egyptian Blood Turnip Beets

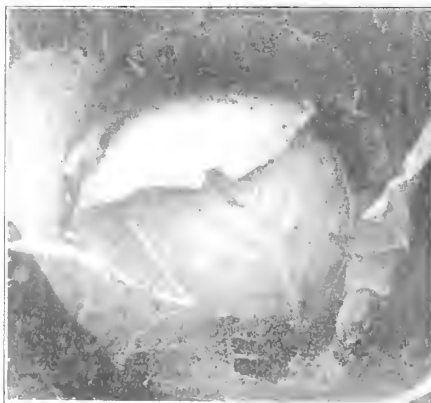
	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
Dewey's Early Blood Turnip	10c	15c	35c	85c
Crosby's Egyptian	10c	15c	35c	85c
Extra Early Eclipse	10c	15c	35c	85c
Edmund's Early Blood Turnip	10c	15c	35c	85c
Detroit Dark Red Blood Turnip	10c	15c	35c	85c
Early Wonder	10c	15c	35c	85c

### Sugar Beets and Mangle-Wurzels

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
Large Red Norbitan Giant				
Mangle-Wurzels	10c	10c	25c	75c
Golden Tankard	10c	10c	25c	75c
White French Sugar Beet	10c	10c	25c	75c
Swiss Chard, Silver Leaf	10c	10c	25c	75c
Swiss Chard, Lucullus	10c	15c	30c	90c

## CABBAGE

One ounce produces about 3,000 plants



Copenhagen Market Cabbage

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
Early Jersey Wakefield	10c	30c	90c	\$2.75
Henderson's Early Summer	10c	30c	90c	\$2.75
Charleston Large Wakefield	10c	30c	90c	\$2.75
Early Winnigstadt	10c	25c	85c	\$2.75
Sure Head	10c	30c	85c	\$2.75
American Drumhead Savoy	10c	30c	85c	\$2.75
Premium Flat Dutch	10c	30c	85c	\$2.75
Red Rock (Hender's Mam.)	10c	30c	\$1.00	\$3.00
Warren Stone Mason	10c	30c	90c	\$3.00
Hollander or Dan. Ball Head	10c	30c	90c	\$2.75
Copenhagen Market	10c	35c	\$1.00	\$3.00
Glory of Enkhuizen	10c	35c	\$1.00	\$3.00

**CULTURE.**—The beet thrives best in deep, rich, loamy soil. Sow in drills about 15 in. apart and 1 in. deep. Make the soil firm over the seed. For early use, sow as soon as the ground can be worked; for fall use, in May; for winter, from the 20th of June to the middle of July, according to the variety. Thin plants to 4 or 5 in. apart. Give frequent shallow cultivation.

## CARROT

An ounce will sow  
about 100 feet of drill;  
3 lbs. to the acre.



Danvers Half Long Carrot

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
Early Half Long Sear, Nantes	10c	15c	35c	\$1.10
Guerande or Ox Heart	10c	15c	35c	\$1.10
Danvers Half Long	10c	15c	35c	\$1.10
Improved Long Orange	10c	15c	35c	\$1.10
White Belgian	10c	15c	35c	\$1.10
Chantenay	10c	15c	35c	\$1.10
Hutchinson	10c	15c	35c	\$1.10

## CAULIFLOWER

An ounce will produce about 2,000 plants

**CULTURE.**—In general, the Cauliflower requires about the same treatment as the cabbage; moist land is, however, more essential; and heavier manuring and more frequent cultivation aid to a greater extent the full development of the plant. In this climate the plant heads well only in the cool fall months. Seed should therefore be sown as for late cabbage, from the middle of May to middle of June, the late varieties, however, requiring a little more time than most late cabbage.

	Pkt.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Oz.	Oz.
Henderson's Early Snowball	10c	60c	\$2.00

## CELERY

One ounce of seed will produce about 3,000 plants

**CULTURE.**—Sow the seed in a light, rich, dry border as early as the ground can be worked, in drills, eight to ten inches apart and cover the seeds about a quarter of an inch deep, rolling or treading them in if the ground be dry. The beds should be kept well weeded, and an occasional soaking with water in dry weather will do the plant good. The plants may be set in a single row in a narrow trench, or the trench may be made into a bed wide enough to hold two, three or four rows, and in this case the plants are in a compact form to be covered for the winter where they grow. The beds should be made very rich with



Giant Pascal Celery

thoroughly decomposed manure. The plants will need to be earthed up two or three times.

	Pkt.	$\frac{1}{2}$ Oz.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.
White Plume	10c	18c	30c	85c
Giant Pascal	10c	18c	30c	85c
Boston Market	10c	18c	35c	\$1.00
Golden Self-Blanching (French imported)	10c	50c	90c	\$2.75

## SWEET CORN

One pound to 100 hills; 20 pounds to an acre

**CULTURE**—The sweet or sugar varieties being liable to rot in cold, wet ground, should not be planted before the middle of May, and for a succession continue planting every two weeks until July, in rich, well-manured ground, in hills three feet apart each way, covering about an inch and thin out to three plants to a hill or plant in rows four feet apart, and to stand eight inches apart in the rows.

### Sweet Corn

	1 Lb.	2 Lbs.	5 Lbs.	10 Lbs.
Golden Bantam	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.00
Improved Early Orange	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.00
Red Cory, Extra Early	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.00
Crosby's Early	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.00
White Cob Cory	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.00
Country Gentleman	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.00
Golden Evergreen	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.00
Black Mexican	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.00
Stowell's Evergreen	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.00
Whipple's Early Yellow	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.00

### FIELD AND ENSILAGE CORN

Early 8 Rowed Canada  
Longfellow  
Leaning  
Early Sanford  
Evergreen Sweet Fodder  
Red Cob Ensilage  
Enreka  
Selected Beauty

Prices  
on Application



Golden Bantam

### POP CORN

	Lb.	2 Lbs.	5 Lbs.
White Rice	25c	45c	\$1.00

## CUCUMBER

One ounce will plant about 50 hills



Davis Perfect Cucumber

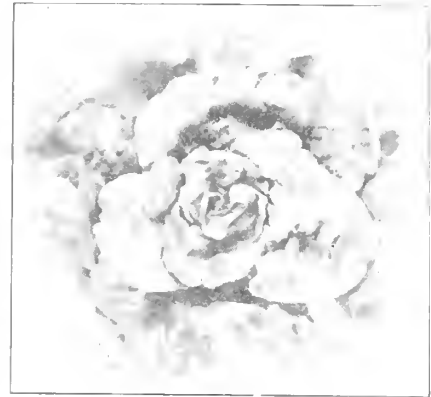
**CULTURE**—The first planting should be made early in May, and pickling varieties, selected seeds from an excellent medium for hills, and on and carrying the young plants to their permanent location, or small paper pots can be used. Such plantings are best by road, for transplanting, to the open ground in from three to four weeks, and are sold in one or two inch pots, with the striped bag. Transplanting when practical should be done in the evening, in hills four feet apart each way. Thin out to about four plants to a hill when established. The seed may be planted in hills late in May, thus giving a succession. For pickles, plant during the last two weeks of June. Plaster dust or an infusion of kelp or powder in water will destroy the striped bug.

	Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 Lb.	Lb.
Early Cluster	10c	15c	45c	\$1.50
Early Russian	10c	15c	45c	\$1.50
Improved Early White Spine	10c	15c	45c	\$1.50
Davis Perfect	10c	20c	50c	\$1.50
Boston Pickling	10c	15c	40c	\$1.25
Long Green Improved	10c	20c	50c	\$1.50
Japanese Climbing	10c	20c	50c	\$1.50
West India Gherkins	10c	20c	50c	\$1.50

## LETTUCE

One ounce will produce about 3,000 plants

**CULTURE**—Sow lettuce seeds in hot bed in February, or in March, and plant into the garden border in the middle of May. For heads, plant in rows four feet apart, and thin out to one plant to a hill. For hearts, plant in rows four feet apart, and thin out to one plant to a hill. For romaine, plant in rows four feet apart, and thin out to one plant to a hill. For iceberg, plant in rows four feet apart, and thin out to one plant to a hill.



May King Lettuce

	Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 Lb.	Lb.
Ice Boston	10c	20c	60c	\$2.00
Boston Improved	10c	20c	60c	\$2.00
Tennis Ball, Black Seeded	10c	20c	60c	\$2.00
Tennis Ball, White Seeded	10c	20c	60c	\$2.00
Early Curled Simpson W. S.	10c	20c	60c	\$2.00
Early Curled Simpson B. S.	10c	20c	60c	\$2.00
Early Prize Head or Beefsteak	10c	20c	60c	\$2.00
Boston Curled	10c	20c	60c	\$2.00
May King	10c	20c	60c	\$2.00
White Paris Cos. (Romaine)	10c	20c	60c	\$2.00
Mignonette	10c	20c	60c	\$2.00
Iceberg	10c	20c	60c	\$2.00

## MUSK MELON OR CANTELOUPE

One ounce will plant about 50 hills; 2 to 3 lbs. in hills per acre



Emerald Gem Musk Melon

**CULTURE**—After danger of frost is past, the ground being covered in 2 or 3 inches of manure, and preferably 1500 lb. per acre, about four to 8 feet apart, according to the vigor of the variety. Put ten or twelve seeds in a hill, covering with about an inch of fine soil, and pressed down. When the plants begin to grow and the striped beetles are pretty well 2 or 3 inches high, the most vigorous plants in a hill. Give frequent but shallow cultivation, until the plants make runners so long that this is impractical. Rich earth for young plants is far better than manure, but if the latter must be used, see that it is well rotted and thoroughly mixed with the soil.

	Pkt.	Oz.	1/4 Lb.	Lb.
Emerald Gem	10c	15c	40c	\$1.25
Extra Early Hackensack	10c	15c	40c	\$1.25
Rocky Ford or Imp. Net. Gem	10c	15c	40c	\$1.25
Long Yellow Cantaloupe	10c	15c	40c	\$1.25
Miller's Cream	10c	15c	40c	\$1.25
Banana	10c	20c	65c	\$2.00

## WATERMELON

An ounce will plant about 30 hills; 4 to 5 pounds are required for an acre

CULTURE—The seed should be sown in drills one foot apart, and four inches deep. The seed should be sown in drills one foot apart, and four inches deep. The seed should be sown in drills one foot apart, and four inches deep. The seed should be sown in drills one foot apart, and four inches deep.

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
Early Large Red Wethersfield	10c	15c	40c	\$1.25
Yellow Globe Danvers	10c	15c	40c	\$1.25
Southport Red Globe	10c	15c	40c	\$1.25
Prizetaker	10c	15c	40c	\$1.25
White Portugal	10c	15c	40c	\$1.25

## ONION

One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill; 5 or 6 pounds per acre



Yellow Globe Danvers Onion

CULTURE—For sets, sow the seed as early as possible in the Spring, in 1 1/2 ft. drills. As soon as the tops die off in summer, remove the sets to a dry place, and early in the following spring replant by the sets in shallow drills twelve inches apart and about four inches deep in the drills. The onions obtained by this process are of full size early in the season. They may also be grown to full size by sowing the seed on by sowing thinly in drills one foot apart, and thinning them out to stand three or four inches apart in the drills. They delight in a strong, rich, deep, loamy soil, and may be grown successive years on the same ground. By sowing the seed in frames in February or March and transplanting the young plants of immense size can be obtained. For this purpose the Southport Globe (white, yellow or red) and Prizetaker are the best.

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
Early Large Red Wethersfield	10c	30c	\$1.00	\$3.00
Yellow Globe Danvers	10c	30c	\$1.00	\$3.00
Southport Red Globe	10c	30c	\$1.00	\$3.00
Prizetaker	10c	30c	\$1.00	\$3.00
White Portugal	10c	30c	\$1.00	\$3.00

## ONION SETS

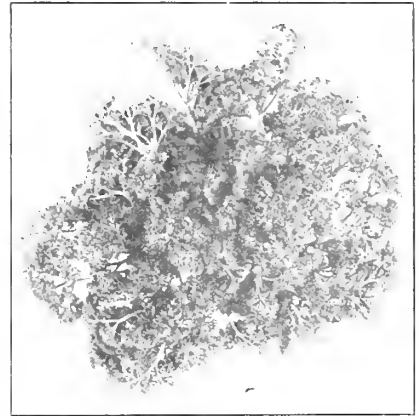
CULTURE—Onion sets should be planted near the surface as early as possible in the Spring in drills about twelve inches apart and four inches deep. They produce a very early and profitable crop. For more information add six cents per quart if sent by mail.

	Lb.	4 Lbs.	8 Lbs.
White Onion	25c	\$1.00	\$1.60
Yellow Onion	25c	\$1.00	\$1.60
Japanese or Ebenezer	25c	\$1.00	\$1.60
Shallots	30c	\$1.20	\$2.00

## PARSLEY

One ounce to 100 feet of drill

CULTURE—Parsley seed should be sown in drills two to three inches apart, and four inches deep. The seed should be sown in drills two to three inches apart, and four inches deep. The seed should be sown in drills two to three inches apart, and four inches deep. The seed should be sown in drills two to three inches apart, and four inches deep.



Champion Moss Curled Parsley

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
Champion Moss Curled	10c	15c	40c	\$1.00
Plain Leaf	10c	15c	40c	\$1.00

## PARSNIP

One ounce to 150 feet of drill

CULTURE—Sow thick in April in rows eighteen inches apart and one inch deep, in rich, deep soil, well manured the previous fall, or with fine manure early in March. When the plants are two or three inches high, thin out to five or six inches apart in the rows. Unlike carrots, they are improved by frost, and it is usual to take up in the fall a sufficient quantity for winter use, leaving the rest in the ground until spring to be dug up as required.

### HOLLOW CROWN

One of the best grown for the table or stock.

Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
10c	15c	40c	\$1.00

### LONG SMOOTH WHITE

The variety most in use; straight, smooth and handsome.

Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
10c	15c	40c	\$1.00



Hollow Crown Parsnip

## PEPPER

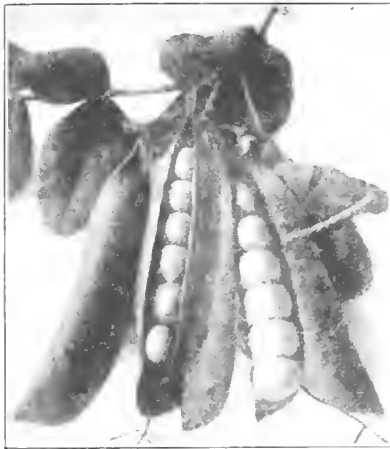
One ounce will produce 1,000 plants

CULTURE—Sow in hotbeds in March, and when the soil has become warm set in rows two feet apart and eighteen inches in the rows; hoe frequently and keep down all weeds. The plants may also be forwarded in small pots.

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.
Ruby King	10c	35c	\$1.25
Large Bell or Bull Nose	10c	35c	\$1.25
Neapolitan	10c	35c	\$1.25

## GARDEN PEAS

Two pounds will plant about 100 feet of drill; 112 to 170 pounds to the acre



Sutton's Excelsior

**CULTURE**—Though light, warm soil is desirable for the extra-early varieties, they generally succeed better on that which is moderately heavy. They are early, smooth. Peas are very hard and may be planted as soon as frost is out of the ground and are sometimes planted in the fall. The wrinkled varieties are somewhat more tender and soil is more liable to rot if planted as early. Plant the early and dwarf varieties in drills 2½ feet apart and 3 or 4 inches deep, but cover with but one inch of soil and fill trench gradually as plants grow. Plant the taller and later varieties in rows 3 to 4 feet apart and 5 to 6 inches deep, covering as already suggested.

### Extra Early Dwarf Varieties

	Lb.	2 Lbs.	5 Lbs.	10 Lbs.
American Wonder	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.20
Nott's Excelsior	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.20
Premium Gem	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.20
Little Marvel	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.20
Sutton's Excelsior	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.20
Blue Bantam	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.20

### Extra Early Varieties of Taller Growth

	Lb.	2 Lbs.	5 Lbs.	10 Lbs.
Gradus	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.20
Thomas Laxton	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.20
Laxtonian	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.20
Early Morn	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.20

### Second-Early, Medium and Late Varieties

	Lb.	2 Lbs.	5 Lbs.	10 Lbs.
Dwarf Telephone	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.20
Everbearing	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.20
Improved Stratagem	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.20
Champion of England	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.20
Telephone "Improved"	30c	55c	\$1.25	\$2.20

## CANADA FIELD PEAS

	Lb.	15 Lbs.	30 Lbs.
Canada or White Field	10c	\$1.30	\$2.10

## PUMPKIN

One and one-half pounds will plant 300 hills

**CULTURE**—May be planted middle of Spring among Indian Corn or in field or garden, in hills 8 to 10 feet apart each way. 4 seeds in a hill; in other respects are cultivated in same manner as Melons and Cucumbers; avoid planting near other vines. Two pounds to an acre.

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
<b>CONNECTICUT FIELD</b> —The common large yellow Pumpkin; excellent for stock	10c	15c	30c	90c
<b>SUGAR OR SWEET</b> —Excellent for baking and for pies	10c	15c	35c	\$1.00

## POTATOES

10 to 12 bushels, or about 4 barrels sufficient for one acre. One peck will plant 75 hills.



Green Mountain Potato

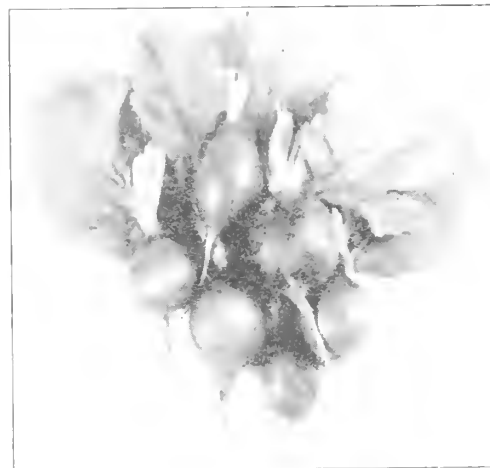
Beauty of Hebron  
Early Rose  
Green Mountain  
Norcross  
Gold Coin  
Irish Cobbler

Prices  
on  
Application

Treat Your Seed Potatoes with "Dabuy" Semesan Bell  
4 Oz. Tins 50c  
1 Lb. Tins \$1.75  
5 Lb. Tins \$8.00

## RADISH

An ounce will sow 100 feet of drill



Early Scarlet Globe Radish

**CULTURE**—Sow as soon as the ground is dry in the spring, in rows 8 to 12 inches apart, every week or 10 days for succession, up to the middle of June, after which they are planted, unless a cold wet spot can be found, where the ground is soiled during part of the year. They should be sown in light, rich soil, as a crisp Radish is best for use. Sow 8 to 12 pounds to the acre. Radishes should be pulled when quite small, it is a mistake to let them grow too long and too large. This applies particularly to small turnip-shaped sorts.

	Pkt.	Oz.	¼ Lb.	Lb.
Early Scarlet Turnip	10c	15c	30c	\$1.00
Early Sc. Turn. White Tipped	10c	15c	30c	\$1.00
Scarlet Globe	10c	15c	30c	\$1.00
French Breakfast	10c	15c	30c	\$1.00
Crimson Giant	10c	15c	30c	\$1.00
Early Long Scarlet, Short Top	10c	15c	30c	\$1.00
White Icicle	10c	15c	30c	\$1.00
Long Black Spanish Winter	10c	15c	30c	\$1.00
Round Black Spanish	10c	15c	30c	\$1.00
White Strasburg	10c	15c	30c	\$1.00

## SQUASH

An ounce of small seeded varieties will plant 30 to 40 hills; of the larger seeded varieties, 12 to 15 hills



Improved Green Hubbard Squash

**CULTURE.** The Squash is very tender and should not be planted until all danger of frost and cold nights are passed. It thrives best in warm soil, which can hardly be made too rich; manure should be worked all into the soil over the entire area, and hills should have a liberal quantity of that which is well rotted. To avoid borers, it is more or less the custom to plant as late as possible and is often done as late as the middle of June. In such case, an application of commercial fertilizer or nitrate of soda greatly hastens the first growth. The early bush varieties are generally planted in hills about 5 feet apart and the running varieties about 10. Thin to three plants to the hill.

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
Mammoth White Bush Scallop	10c	15c	45c	\$1.40
Early Summer Crookneck	10c	15c	45c	\$1.40
American Turban	10c	15c	45c	\$1.40
Essex Hybrid	10c	15c	45c	\$1.40
Boston Marrow	10c	15c	35c	1.00
Green Hubbard	10c	15c	45c	\$1.40
Golden Hubbard	10c	15c	45c	\$1.40
Delicious	10c	20c	60c	1.50
Warted Hubbard	10c	15c	45c	\$1.40
Blue Hubbard	10c	15c	45c	\$1.40
Giant Summer Straight-Neck		15c	45c	\$1.40

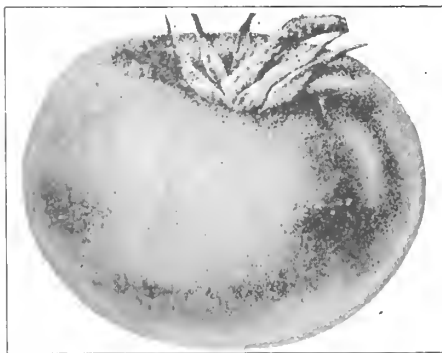
## SPINACH

One ounce will sow 50 feet of drill; 12 pounds to the acre

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
Round Thick Leaf or Summer	10c	10c	25c	50c
New Zealand	10c	15c	40c	\$1.00
Long Standing	10c	10c	25c	50c
Blooms Dale Savoy		10c	25c	50c
King of Denmark		10c	25c	50c

## TOMATO

One ounce will produce about 2,000 plants



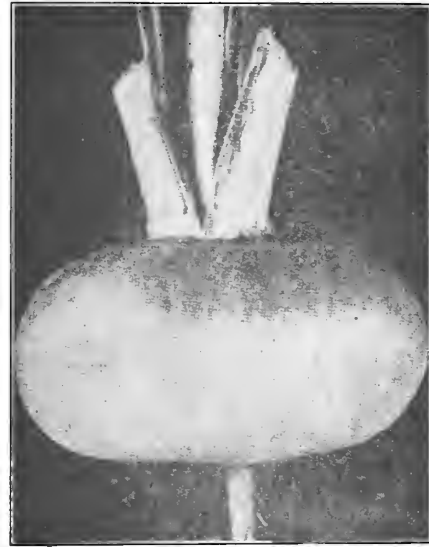
John Baer

When setting out, the plants will be still more stocky. Set out in the open ground about the first of June, four feet apart each way, using a shovelful of rotted manure in each hill.

	Pkt.	$\frac{1}{2}$ Oz.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.
Earliana	10c	20c	35c	\$1.25
New Stone	10c	20c	35c	\$1.25
Dwarf Champion	10c	20c	35c	\$1.25
June Pink	10c	20c	35c	\$1.25
Ponderosa	10c	30c	50c	\$1.50
Chalk's Early Jewel	10c	20c	35c	\$1.25
Bonnie Best	10c	20c	35c	\$1.25
John Baer	10c	20c	35c	\$1.25
Dwarf Stone	10c	20c	35c	\$1.25
Plum	10c	20c	35c	\$1.25

## TURNIP

One ounce to 150 feet of drill; one pound to the acre



Purple Top Strap Leaf

**CULTURE.**—For early use sow as soon as the ground opens in the spring in drills from twelve to fifteen inches apart; thin out to six or eight inches in the rows. For a succession, continue to sow every two weeks until June; for a fall and winter crop sow in July and August. The Ruta Bagas are grown for feeding stock, and are also excellent for the table. Take up the roots in November or before severe frosts; cut off the tops within an inch of the crown, store in a cool cellar or pit, or pile up in a conical form out of doors in dry ground; cover carefully with long straw and finish by earthing up, covering them with about twelve or fifteen inches of earth, leaving a trench around the heap to carry off the water. Put away in this manner they will be found in good condition in the spring.

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
Purple Top Strap Leaf	10c	15c	25c	85c
White Egg	10c	15c	25c	85c
Purple Top White Globe	10c	15c	25c	85c
Golden Ball	10c	15c	25c	85c
White Sweet German	10c	15c	25c	85c
Yellow Ruta Baga, Am. Pur. Top	10c	15c	25c	85c
St. Andrew's Yellow Ruta Baga	10c	15c	25c	85c

## ASPARAGUS ROOTS

**CULTURE.**—The quickest and easiest way to secure an asparagus bed is to plant two-year-old roots, and thus secure a good producing bed from one to two years before one can be had from seeds.

CONOVER'S COLOSSAL—Two-year-old roots, per 100	\$2.00
PALMETTO—Two-year-old roots, per 100	\$2.00

## MISCELLANEOUS GARDEN SEEDS

### BRUSSEL SPROUTS

**CULTURE.**—Species of the cabbage family. It produces along the whole length of the stem small sprouts resembling miniature cabbages. The heads are a great delicacy boiled in the same way as cauliflower. Seeds should be sown about the middle of May in a seed bed and the plants afterwards set out in rows two feet apart and cultivated like cabbage. Being small and hard, the sprouts are not in the least affected by frost.

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.
Long Island, Improved	10c	25c	75c

### CRESS OR PEPPERGRASS

**CULTURE.**—Sow thickly in shallow drills, early in spring and at intervals throughout the season, for a succession, as it soon runs to seed. Watercress requires a stream of running water, ditch or pond, in which it will grow without care, except at first keeping the weeds from interfering with it.

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.
Extra Curled	10c	15c	35c
True Watercress	10c	50c	\$1.50



## DANDELION

One ounce will sow about 100 feet of drill

CULTURE—Sow in May in drills ten inches apart; thin out to 4 inches apart. Cultivate during the season and in the following spring the plants will be fit for use.

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.
Improved Thick Leaved	5c	85c	\$2.50

## ENDIVE

One ounce of seed to 150 feet of row

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
Green Curled	10c	15c	50c	\$1.25
Giant Fringed	10c	15c	50c	\$1.25
White Heart	10c	15c	50c	\$1.25

## KOHL RABI

One ounce will sow 150 feet of drill

CULTURE—An intermediate vegetable between the Cabbage and Turnip. Sow in April in rows eighteen inches apart, and thin out to 4 inches apart. When three or four inches in diameter they are fit to eat. For late use sow in June or July.

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.
Early White Vienna	10c	25c	75c
Early Purple Vienna	10c	25c	75c

## LEEK

CULTURE—The leek is very hardy and easily cultivated. It succeeds best in a light, well-enriched soil. Sow as early in the spring as practicable, in drills one inch deep and one foot apart. When six or eight inches high, they may be transplanted in rows ten inches apart each way, as deep as possible, that the neck, being covered, may be blanched.

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.
American Flag	10c	25c	90c
Large Carentan	10c	25c	90c

## ASPARAGUS

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.
Martha Washington	10c	25c	60c

## EGG PLANT

	Pkt.	$\frac{1}{2}$ Oz.	1 Oz.
New York Improved	10c	25c	45c

## OKRA

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.
White Velvet	10c	15c	25c

## MUSTARD

One ounce will sow 10 feet of drill

CULTURE—Very hardy. Seed can be sown as soon as the soil is free from frost, in shallow drills. Cut when a few inches high. It grows rapidly, and several sowings may be made. The young leaves are used for spring salad.

	Pkt.	Oz.	$\frac{1}{4}$ Lb.	Lb.
WHITE—Fine for salad or culinary purposes	5c	10c	30c	90c
CHINESE—The leaves are twice the size of the ordinary White Mustard, while the flavor is sweet and pungent.	5c	15c	35c	\$1.00

## SWEET, MEDICINAL AND POT HERBS

ANISE (*Pimpinella anisum*). Hardy annual, used for garnishing and seasoning.

Used as a drink for the sick and for culinary purposes.

BASIL SWEET (*Ocimum basilicum*). Seeds sown in April, indoors, in rich, light soil, and in beds in June.

BORAGE (*Borago officinalis*). Used for flavoring, and flowers furnish bee pasture.

CARAWAY (*Carum carvi*). Grown for the seeds, which are used in flavoring.

CATNIP, or CATMINT (*Verba cataria*). Used for medicinal purposes.

CORIANDER (*Coriandrum sativum*). Young leaves used in soups and salads. Seeds in confectionery, and for flavoring.

DILL (*Anethum graveolens*). Leaves used for flavoring.

FENNEL SWEET (*Anethum foeniculum*). Leaves used in fish sauces and for garnishing.

LAVENDER (*Larandula vera*). Flower spikes are dried for their peculiar lasting fragrance.

MARJORAM SWEET (*Origanum marjorana*). Hardy perennial, cultivated for use of its leaves for flavoring.

ROSEMARY (*Rosemarinus officinalis*). Foliage used for medicinal purposes.

SAGE (*Salvia officinalis*). Used for seasoning.

THYME (*Thymus vulgaris*). Leaves and tops are used for culinary purposes.

ALL IN 10c PACKAGES

## VARICK'S RELIABLE FLOWER SEEDS

Produce the Most Beautiful Flowers. The Best  
Varick's Reliable Flower Seeds Are the Best Produced To

Very Large Packets, 10c Each

Plain Culture Directions Printed on Each of Our Flower Seed Packets. With This Help You Are Sure of Success.

## VARICK'S NASTURTIUM

### VARICK'S DWARF NASTURTIUM

Unrivalled in beauty and effect. Planted in poor soil, they flower profusely. Plant liberally. We offer the choicest variety in equal mixture.

Pkt., 10c; ounce, 15c.  
 $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25

### VARICK'S TALL NASTURTIUM

Few flowers, either as climbing vines or trailing on the ground, are more attractive or brighter than the common tall Nasturtium. We have secured only the choicest sorts, and prepared a grand mixture, not surpassed by any on earth. Only the hardiest varieties comprise this superb mixture.

Pkt., 10c; ounce, 15c.  
 $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 40c; lb., \$1.25



## SWEET PEAS

### VARICK'S GORGEOUS MIXTURE

Sweet peas are one of our most popular flowers. Varick's Gorgeous Mixture is undoubtedly the choicest of all sweet peas offered. It is a grand mixture of the grandest and choicest varieties of the grandest and choicest varieties of the old-fashioned type. The seed has been carefully grown from especially selected stock, and is mixed to suit. The mixture contains the best seed of the largest flower, and is the most perfect mixture that can be had. It includes many of Eckford's best introductions, as well as others, and we claim there are no better flowers offered in any shape.

Oz., 15c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 25c.  
1 pound, 45c; lb., 85c.  
Delivered free anywhere in United States.

### VARICK'S SUPERB NEW SPENCER

They are a great improvement on the standard sorts, having large, round, open flowers of extraordinary size, measuring two inches and over across, with waxy standards and wide spreading wings, a very large percentage bearing four of those immense blossoms to the stem, which is long and strong, making them of exceptional value for cutting and are just as easy to grow as the standard varieties.

Oz., 15c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb., 50c;  
lb., \$1.75



# JOHN B. VARICK CO., Manchester, N. H.

LARGER CROPS IN FIELD AND GARDEN IF YOU USE

## "NITRAGIN"

Grasses, clovers, beans, peas, peanuts, and other legumes should always be inoculated with Nitragin. The lack of nodules on the roots is the cause of a poor legume crop—a weak start—or a total failure.

GRASS SEEDS AND CLOVERS, GRAIN, RYE, WHEAT, ETC., at the Lowest Market Rates, and of the Best Quality. FERTILIZERS for the Home Garden and Lawn

### SWIFT'S LOWELL 3-8-4 ANIMAL BRAND FERTILIZER

For Corn, Grain, Grass and Vegetables  
Guaranteed Analysis

Ammonia	2½ to 3½ per cent
Nitrogen	2.95 to 2.87 per cent
Total Phosphoric Acid	11 to 12 per cent
Available Phosphoric Acid	10 to 11 per cent
Potash	2 to 3 per cent

This is a popular brand at moderate cost, and is used not only for *Corn* and *Grain*, but for *Potatoes* and *Grass*, and is an excellent fertilizer for *Cabbages* and all *crops*. It gives an early and vigorous start, promoting steady growth to maturity. It contains more *Ammonia* and *available Phosphoric Acid* than ever before, which in large measure takes the place of potash and is a most reliable and economical brand to use.

100-Lb. Bags, per 100 Lbs.	\$2.25
25 to 50 Lbs., per Lb.	.03
Less than 25 Lbs., per Lb.	.05
Price per Ton	31.50

### PULVERIZED SHEEP MANURE

The best of all manures for Home Lawns and Gardens, House Plants, Window Boxes, Golf and Country Club Greens and Fairways, Shrubbery, Trees, Vines, Fruits, Berries, Melons, all Vegetable Crops, under glass or in the field. Effectively sterilized, weed seed killed. Supplies the humus, bacterial action and plant food that makes everything grow. A convenient Wagon Load of Manure in a Bag.

100-Lb. Bags, per 100 Lbs.	\$2.50
50-Lb. Bags	1.50
25-Lb. Bags	.90
Less Than 25 Lbs., per Lb.	.05
Price per Ton	42.00

### CANADIAN UNLEACHED HARDWOOD ASHES

Acts as Both Insecticide and Fertilizer. Especially recommended for grass (top dressing 1 ton to acre), also all crops but potatoes, especially onions and garden truck. Spread after ploughing and harrowing, 2 tons to acre.

100-Lb. Bags, per Bag	\$1.15
25 to 50 Lbs., per Lb.	.02½
Less than 25 Lbs., per Lb.	.03
Price per Ton	25.00

### SWIFT'S LOWELL 7-6-5 MARKET GARDEN SPECIAL GRASS AND LAWN DRESSING

Guaranteed Analysis

Ammonia	6 to 7 per cent
Nitrogen	4.92 to 5.71 per cent
Total Phosphoric Acid	9 to 10 per cent
Available Phosphoric Acid	8 to 9 per cent
Potash	2 to 3 per cent

A most concentrated and powerful fertilizer. It is economical, too, because it is not necessary to apply so much per acre as of lower grades.

For *Asparagus*, *Celery*, *Lettuce*, *Spinach*, *Squash* and all *Time Crops* it is excellent. Fields that need top dressing or reseeding in the spring should receive an application of this quick acting and reliable fertilizer. With sufficient moisture, it will double the crop over the yield where no manure or fertilizer has been used. It is strongly recommended for *Lawns*, *Flowers*, *Trees*, *Shrubbery* and *Vegetables*. In short, it is our best foliage and garden fertilizer.

100-Lb. Bags, per 100 Lbs.	\$3.00
25 to 50 Lbs., per Lb.	.04
Less Than 25 Lbs., per Lb.	.05
Price Per Ton	46.95

### LOMA

The perfect Plant Food for *Lawns*, *Flower Gardens*, *Vegetable Gardens*, *Shrubs* and *Potted Plants*.

100-Lb. Bag	\$6.00
50-Lb. Bag	3.25
25-Lb. Bag	1.75
10-Lb. Bag	.85
5-Lb. Package	.50

### VIGORO

Feed everything you grow with this complete, balanced diet.

100-Lb. Bag	\$6.00
50-Lb. Bag	3.75
25-Lb. Bag	2.00
5-Lb. Package	.60
12-Oz. Package	.10

### POWNAI LAND LIME

Put up in Paper Bags

Price per Ton, \$9.50	100 Lbs., 55c
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### SWIFT'S LOWELL 4-8-4 POTATO MANURE

Guaranteed Analysis

Ammonia	3 to 4 per cent
Nitrogen	2.46 to 3.28 per cent
Total Phosphoric Acid	11 to 12 per cent
Available Phosphoric Acid	10 to 11 per cent
Potash	3 to 4 per cent

This is a fertilizer made for *Potatoes* and *Vegetables*, at moderate cost, to be used with or without barnyard manure, although it may be profitably used alone. It contains higher percentages of *Ammonia* and *Phosphoric Acid* than in previous years.

100-Lb. Bags, per 100 Lbs.	\$2.50
25 to 50 Lbs., per Lb.	.03½
Less Than 25 Lbs., per Lb.	.05
Price per Ton	37.55

The best of all manures for Home Lawns

### PURE GROUND BONE

Four to 5 per cent ammonia, 21 to 23 per cent phosphoric acid. A valuable fertilizer, especially for lawns, vines and fruit trees.

100-Lb. Bags, per 100 Lbs.	\$3.50
25 to 50 Lbs., per Lb.	.04½
Less Than 25 Lbs., per Lb.	.05½
Price per Ton	52.00

### EDIBLE BONE MEAL

For lawns use 3 to 5 lbs. per 100 sq. feet. For roses, small fruit bushes and shrubs, use two handfuls around each plant and spade or hoe it in. For garden crops, use at the rate of 2 or 3 lbs. per 100 square feet (10 ft. square). Rake it in.

100-Lb. Bags, per 100 Lbs.	\$4.35
25 to 50 Lbs., per Lb.	.05
Less Than 25 Lbs., per Lb.	.06
Price per Ton	80.00

### CHEMICALS

	100 Lbs.	25 Lbs.	100 Lbs.
Tankage	\$4.25	\$0.05	\$0.06
Acid Phosphate	1.50	.02	.03
Sulphate of Ammonia	4.25	.05	.07
Muriate of Potash	3.75	.05	.07
Nitrate of Soda	4.00	.05	.07

### LAND PLASTER

Excellent for composting and fertilizing; it is also used for preventing bugs from destroying Cucumber, Melon and Squash vines.

Price per Ton, \$16.00	100 Lbs., \$1.00
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## VARICK'S LAWN GRASS SEED

VARICK'S LAWN GRASS SEED is composed exclusively of the best re-cleaned seeds of the choicest fine-bladed grasses, to which is added a suitable quantity of white clover, but not too much. This heavy, re-cleaned seed, free from chaff, is much stronger in vitality than usual grades. A given measured quantity will produce three to four times as many grass plants, besides making a stronger and quicker growth.

In cartons containing 7 oz. Lawn Grass Seed	22 cents
In cartons containing 14 oz. Lawn Grass Seed	42 cents

A large carton will sow about 250 square feet; a pound about 300 square feet.

Per pound	40 cents
10 to 20 pound quantities (per pound)	37 cents
20 pounds and over (per pound)	35 cents

### "SHADY NOOK" LAWN GRASS SEED

Many of our customers, having fine shade trees on their lawns or shaded corners receiving but little sunlight, have written regarding the difficulty of securing a good growth of grass under the trees or in other heavily shaded locations. As this mixture is composed entirely of choice, clean seed of the finest and most costly grasses, it cannot be sold at so moderate a price as our regular lawn mixture. It is all clean, heavy seed, free from chaff, and will give the best results with a minimum quantity of seed. PER POUND, 45c.

# JOHN B. VARICK CO., Manchester, N. H.

EVERYTHING FOR THE FARM, FIELD, GARDEN AND LAWN